

HCRTM IF protocol for sample on slide

This protocol has not been validated for all sample types and should only be used as a template.

Technical Support

support@molecular instruments.com

Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

www.molecularinstruments.com/safety-v3

Patents

www.molecularinstruments.com/patents

Ordering for Multiplex Experiment

Order one HCRTM IF kit per target protein

Example 2-Plex Experiment

- HCRTM IF kit for target Protein1
 - o 1° Ab: Rabbit Anti-Protein1 (your own 1° antibody)
 - ∘ HCR™ 2° Antibody Probe: Donkey Anti-Rabbit for use with amplifier B1
 - HCRTM Amplifier (v3.0): B1-647
 - HCRTM IF Buffers: HCRTM Antibody Buffer, HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) (for use with all kits)
- HCRTM IF kit for target Protein2
 - o 1° Ab: Mouse Anti-Protein2 (your own 1° antibody)
 - ∘ HCR™ 2° Antibody Probe: Donkey Anti-Mouse for use with amplifier B2
 - o HCRTM Amplifier (v3.0): B2-488

Storage conditions

- Store HCRTM 2° Antibody Probes and HCRTM Amplifiers (v3.0) at -20 °C.
- Store HCRTM Antibody Buffer and HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) at 4 °C.
- On the bench top, keep stock solutions on ice.
- Make sure all solutions are well mixed before use.

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Sample preparation

Samples should be prepared in the same manner as for a traditional immunohistochemistry, up to the primary antibody application step. This may include permeabilization and antigen retrieval. Then proceed with the protocol described below.

Multiplexed HCRTM IF protocol

Detection stage

- 1. Block tissue by applying 200 μ L of HCRTM Antibody Buffer on top of the sample. Incubate at room temperature for 1 h in a humidified chamber.
- 2. Prepare working concentration of primary antibodies in HCRTM Antibody Buffer. Prepare 100 μ L per section. NOTE: *follow manufacturer's guidelines for primary antibody working concentration*.
- 3. Drain slide by blotting edges on a Kimwipe and wipe around the section with another Kimwipe.
- 4. Add primary antibody solution to each section and incubate overnight (>12 h) at 4 °C in a humidified chamber.

NOTE: Incubation may be optimized (e.g., 1–2 h at room temperature) depending on sample type and thickness.

- 5. Remove excess antibodies by immersing slide in $1 \times PBST$ at room temperature for 3×5 min.
- 6. Prepare 1 μ g/mL working concentration of HCRTM 2° Antibody Probes in HCRTM Antibody Buffer. Prepare 100 μ L per section.

NOTE: Concentration may be optimized depending on protein target and primary antibody.

- 7. Drain slide by blotting edges on a Kimwipe and wipe around the section with another Kimwipe.
- 8. Add secondary antibody solution to each section and incubate for 1 h at room temperature in a humidified chamber.
- 9. Remove excess antibodies by immersing slide in $1 \times PBST$ at room temperature for 3×5 min.

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Amplification stage

- 1. Immerse slide in $5 \times SSCT$ at room temperature for 5 min.
- 2. Drain slide by blotting edges on a Kimwipe and wipe around the section with another Kimwipe.
- 3. Add 200 μ L of HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) on top of the tissue sample and pre-amplify in a humidified chamber for 30 min at room temperature.
 - NOTE: equilibrate HCR^{TM} Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) to room temperature before use.
- 4. Separately prepare 6 pmol of hairpin h1 and 6 pmol of hairpin h2 by snap cooling 2 μ L of 3 μ M stock (heat at 95 °C for 90 seconds and cool to room temperature in a dark drawer for 30 min).

NOTE: Hairpins h1 and h2 are provided in hairpin storage buffer ready for snap cooling. h1 and h2 should be snap cooled in separate tubes. This is the amount of hairpins needed for each target on a single slide using $100 \mu L$ of incubation volume.

- 5. Prepare a 60 nM hairpin solution by adding all snap-cooled h1 hairpins and snap-cooled h2 hairpins to 100 μ L of HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) at room temperature per section.
- 6. Remove the pre-amplification solution and drain excess buffer on slide by blotting edges on a Kimwipe.
- 7. Add 100 μ L of the hairpin solution on top of the tissue sample.
- 8. Incubate overnight (>12 h) in a dark humidified chamber at room temperature.
- 9. Remove excess hairpins by immersing slide in $5 \times$ SSCT at room temperature for:
 - (a) $2 \times 5 \min$
 - (b) $2 \times 15 \text{ min}$
 - (c) $1 \times 5 \min$
- 10. Drain slide by blotting edges on a Kimwipe and dry around the section with another Kimwipe.
- 11. Add 50–100 μ L of antifade mounting reagent on top of the sample.
- 12. Place a coverslip on top for microscopy.

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Buffer recipe

PBST

 $1 \times PBS$

0.1% Tween 20

 $\frac{For 50 \text{ mL of solution}}{5 \text{ mL of } 10 \times PBS}$

 $500 \ \mu L$ of 10% Tween 20

Fill up to 50 mL with ultrapure H₂O

 $\mathbf{5} \times \mathbf{SSCT}$

5× sodium chloride sodium citrate (SSC)

0.1% Tween 20

 $\frac{For 40 \text{ mL of solution}}{10 \text{ mL of } 20 \times SSC}$

 $400~\mu\mathrm{L}$ of 10% Tween 20

Fill up to 40 mL with ultrapure H₂O

NOTE: avoid using calcium chloride and magnesium chloride in PBS as this leads to increased autofluorescence in the samples.

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HCRTM Technology Citation Notes

For citation, please select from the list below as appropriate for your application:

• 10-Plex HCRTM Spectral Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF enables quantitative high-resolution imaging of 10 RNA and/or protein targets with 1-step HCRTM signal amplification for all targets simultaneously. The method is suitable even for whole-mounts and delicate samples as it requires no repeated staining, imaging, registration, or stripping (Schulte et al., 2024).

• HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF enables a unified approach to multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) and protein immunofluorescence (IF), with quantitative 1-step enzyme-free signal amplification performed for all RNA and protein targets simultaneously (Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

• HCRTM IF

HCR™ IF enables multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution protein immunofluorescence (IF) in highly autofluorescent samples (e.g., FFPE brain tissue sections) (Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

HCRTM RNA-FISH

- Third-generation HCRTM RNA-FISH (v3.0) enables multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) with automatic background suppression throughout the protocol for dramatically enhanced performance (signal-to-background, subcellular quantitative RNA imaging precision, single-molecule quantitative RNA imaging fidelity) and ease-of-use (no probe set optimization for new targets and organisms) (Choi et al., 2018).
- Second-generation HCRTM RNA-FISH (v2.0) using DNA HCRTM Probes and DNA HCRTM Amplifiers: 10× increase in signal, 10× reduction in cost, dramatic increase in reagent durability (Choi et al., 2014).
- First-generation HCR™ RNA-FISH (v1.0) using RNA HCR™ Probes and RNA HCR™ Amplifiers: multiplex mRNA imaging in whole-mount vertebrate embryos with simultaneous signal amplification for up to 5 target mRNAs (Choi et al., 2010).

• Subcellular Quantitative RNA and Protein Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables analog relative quantitation of RNA and/or protein targets with subcellular resolution in the anatomical context of thick autofluorescent samples (e.g., whole-mount vertebrate embryos) (Trivedi et al., 2018, Choi et al., 2018, Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

• Single-Molecule Quantitative RNA Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables digital RNA absolute quantitation with single-molecule resolution in the anatomical context of thick autofluorescent samples (e.g., 0.5 mm adult mouse brain sections) (Shah et al., 2016, Choi et al., 2018).

Read-Out/Read-In Analysis Framework

The read-out/read-in analysis framework enables bidirectional quantitative discovery in an anatomical context (Trivedi et al., 2018).

• Protocols in Diverse Sample Types

Protocols for HCR™ RNA-FISH and/or IF in diverse sample types are adapted from the zoo paper (Choi et al., 2016):

o bacteria in suspension

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- o FFPE human tissue sections
- o generic sample in solution
- o generic sample on a slide
- o mammalian cells on a slide
- o mammalian cells in suspension
- o whole-mount chicken embryos
- o whole-mount fruit fly embryos
- o whole-mount mouse embryos
- o whole-mount nematode larvae
- o whole-mount sea urchin embryos
- o whole-mount zebrafish embryos and larvae

• HCRTM RNA Flow Cytometry

HCR[™] RNA Flow Cytometry enables analog RNA relative quantitation for high-throughput expression profiling of mammalian cells and bacteria without the need to engineer reporter lines (Choi et al., 2018).

• HCRTM Northern Blots

HCR™ Northern Blots enable simultaneous quantification of RNA target size and abundance with automatic background suppression throughout the protocol (Schwarzkopf & Pierce, 2016).

• HCRTM Amplifiers

HCR[™] Amplifiers enable multiplex, quantitative, 1-step, isothermal, enzyme-free signal amplification in diverse technological settings (Dirks & Pierce, 2004).

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