

HCRTM IF protocol for mammalian cells on a chambered slide

This protocol has not been validated for all mammalian cell types and should only be used as a template.

Technical Support

support@molecularinstruments.com

Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

www.molecularinstruments.com/safety-v3

Patents

www.molecularinstruments.com/patents

Ordering for Multiplex Experiment

Order one HCRTM IF kit per target protein

Example 2-Plex Experiment

- HCRTM IF kit for target Protein1
 - o 1° Ab: Rabbit Anti-Protein1 (your own 1° antibody)
 - ∘ HCR™ 2° Antibody Probe: Donkey Anti-Rabbit for use with amplifier B1
 - HCRTM Amplifier (v3.0): B1-647
 - HCRTM IF Buffers: HCRTM Antibody Buffer, HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) (for use with all kits)
- HCRTM IF kit for target Protein2
 - o 1° Ab: Mouse Anti-Protein2 (your own 1° antibody)
 - ∘ HCR™ 2° Antibody Probe: Donkey Anti-Mouse for use with amplifier B2
 - ∘ HCR™ Amplifier (v3.0): B2-488

Storage conditions

- Store HCRTM 2° Antibody Probes and HCRTM Amplifiers (v3.0) at -20 °C.
- Store HCRTM Antibody Buffer and HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) at 4 °C.
- On the bench top, keep stock solutions on ice.
- Make sure all solutions are well mixed before use.

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Preparation of fixed mammalian cells on a chambered slide

1. Coat bottom of each chamber by applying 300 μ L of 0.01% poly-D-lysine prepared in cell culture grade H₂O.

NOTE: A volume of 300 μ L is sufficient per chamber on an 8-chamber slide. Scale volume accordingly if using a different slide format.

- 2. Incubate for at least 30 min at room temperature.
- 3. Aspirate the coating solution and wash each chamber twice with molecular biology grade H₂O.
- 4. Plate desired number of cells in each chamber.
- 5. Grow cells to desired confluency for 24–48 h.
- 6. Aspirate growth media and wash each chamber with 300 μ L of DPBS. NOTE: avoid using calcium chloride and magnesium chloride in DPBS as this leads to increased autofluorescence.
- 7. Add 300 μ L of 4% formaldehyde to each chamber. CAUTION: use formaldehyde with extreme care as it is a hazardous material.
- 8. Incubate for 10 min at room temperature.
- 9. Remove fixative and wash each chamber $2 \times 300 \ \mu L$ of DPBS.
- 10. Aspirate DPBS and add 300 μ L of ice-cold 70% ethanol (EtOH).
- 11. Permeabilize cells overnight (or longer) at -20 °C.
- 12. Proceed to HCRTM IF assay.

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Multiplexed HCRTM IF protocol

Detection stage

- 1. Aspirate EtOH from sample and wash samples 2×5 min with 300 μ L of $1 \times$ PBS.
- 2. Apply 300 μ L HCRTM Antibody Buffer to each chamber. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hr with gentle agitation.
- 3. Prepare working concentration of unlabeled primary antibodies in HCRTM Antibody Buffer. Prepare 300 μ L per chamber.
 - Note: follow manufacturer's guidelines for primary antibody working concentration.
- 4. Replace HCRTM Antibody Buffer with primary antibody solution and incubate overnight (>12 h) at 4 °C with gentle agitation.
 - NOTE: Incubation may be optimized (e.g., 1–2 h at room temperature) depending on sample type and thickness.
- 5. Remove excess antibodies by washing 3×5 min with $1 \times$ PBST at room temperature with gentle agitation.
- 6. Prepare 1 μ g/mL working concentration of HCRTM 2° Antibody Probes in HCRTM Antibody Buffer. Prepare 300 μ L per chamber.
 - NOTE: Concentration may be optimized depending on protein target and primary antibody.
- 7. Add secondary antibody solution to each chamber and incubate 1 h at room temperature with gentle agitation.
- 8. Remove excess antibodies by washing 3×5 min with $1 \times$ PBST at room temperature with gentle agitation.

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Amplification stage

- 1. Wash with 300 μ L 5× SSCT at room temperature for 5 min.
- 2. Pre-amplify samples in 300 μ L of HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) for 30 min at room temperature. NOTE: equilibrate HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) to room temperature before use.
- 3. Separately prepare 18 pmol of hairpin h1 and 18 pmol of hairpin h2 by snap cooling 6 μ L of 3 μ M stock (heat at 95 °C for 90 seconds and cool to room temperature in a dark drawer for 30 min). NOTE: Hairpins h1 and h2 are provided in hairpin storage buffer ready for snap cooling. h1 and h2 should be snap cooled in separate tubes. This is the amount of hairpins needed for each target in a single sample using 300 μ L of incubation volume.
- 4. Prepare a 60 nM hairpin solution by adding all snap-cooled h1 hairpins and snap-cooled h2 hairpins to 300 μ L of HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) at room temperature per sample.
- 5. Remove the pre-amplification solution and add the hairpin solution.
- 6. Incubate the slide overnight (>12 h) protected from light at room temperature.
- 7. Remove excess hairpins by washing 5 \times 5 min with 300 μ L of 5 \times SSCT at room temperature.
- 8. Remove final wash and add 150 μ L of mounting medium.
- 9. Slides can be stored at 4 °C protected from light prior to imaging.

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Buffer recipes

4% formaldehyde in PBS

4% formaldehyde

 $1 \times PBS$

For 10 mL of solution

2.5 mL of 16% formaldehyde

 $1 \text{ mL of } 10 \times PBS$

Fill up to 10 mL with molecular biology grade H₂O

 $1 \times PBST$

1× phosphate buffered solution (PBS)

0.1% Tween 20

For 40 mL of solution 4 mL of 10× PBS

 $400 \mu L$ of 10% Tween 20

Fill up to 40 mL with ultrapure H₂O

 $5 \times SSCT$

 $5 \times$ sodium chloride sodium citrate (SSC)

0.1% Tween 20

 $\frac{\text{For 40 mL of solution}}{10 \text{ mL of } 20 \times \text{SSC}}$

 $400 \,\mu\text{L}$ of 10% Tween 20

Fill up to 40 mL with ultrapure H₂O

NOTE: avoid using calcium chloride and magnesium chloride in PBS as this leads to increased autofluorescence in the samples.

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S1 HCRTM Technology Citation Notes

For citation, please select from the list below as appropriate for your application:

• HCRTM RNA-ISH

HCRTM RNA in situ hybridization (RNA-ISH) offers unmatched performance, robustness, and versatility imaging RNA targets in diverse organisms and sample types (Choi et al., 2010, Choi et al., 2014, Choi et al., 2018):

- HCRTM RNA-FISH

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables 10-plex, quantitative, high-resolution RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) with automatic background suppression throughout the protocol for dramatically enhanced performance (signal-to-background, quantitative precision, single-molecule fidelity) and ease-of-use (no probe set optimization for new targets and organisms).

- Enzymatic HCRTM RNA-CISH/RNA-FISH

Enzymatic HCRTM RNA-ISH integrates enzymatic signal amplification to enable extreme-sensitivity RNA imaging using either chromogenic or fluorescent staining (RNA-CISH/RNA-FISH). In tissue sections, entirely protease-free workflows preserve sample morphology and maintain protein target integrity, enabling seamless compatibility with existing immunohistochemistry (IHC)/immunofluorescence (IF) assays. HCRTM RNA-CISH offers the convenience of bright-field microscopy and the option of archival staining.

• 10-Plex HCRTM Spectral Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF enables quantitative high-resolution imaging of 10 RNA and/or protein targets with 1-step HCRTM signal amplification for all targets simultaneously. The method is suitable even for whole-mounts and delicate samples as it requires no repeated staining, imaging, registration, or stripping (Schulte et al., 2024).

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF enables a unified approach to multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) and protein immunofluorescence (IF), with quantitative 1-step enzyme-free signal amplification performed for all RNA and protein targets simultaneously (Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

HCRTM IF

HCRTM IF enables multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution protein immunofluorescence (IF) in highly autofluorescent samples (e.g., FFPE brain tissue sections) (Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

Subcellular Quantitative RNA and Protein Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables analog relative quantitation of RNA and/or protein targets with subcellular resolution in the anatomical context of thick autofluorescent samples (e.g., whole-mount vertebrate embryos) (Trivedi et al., 2018, Choi et al., 2018, Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

• Single-Molecule Quantitative RNA Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables digital RNA absolute quantitation with single-molecule resolution in the anatomical context of thick autofluorescent samples (e.g., 0.5 mm adult mouse brain sections) (Shah et al., 2016, Choi et al., 2018).

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• Read-Out/Read-In Analysis Framework

The read-out/read-in analysis framework enables bidirectional quantitative discovery in an anatomical context (Trivedi et al., 2018).

• Protocols in Diverse Sample Types

Protocols for HCRTM RNA-FISH and/or IF in diverse sample types are adapted from the zoo paper (Choi et al., 2016):

- o bacteria in suspension
- FFPE human tissue sections
- o generic sample in solution
- o generic sample on a slide
- o mammalian cells on a slide
- mammalian cells in suspension
- whole-mount chicken embryos
- whole-mount fruit fly embryos
- whole-mount mouse embryos
- o whole-mount nematode larvae
- whole-mount sea urchin embryos
- whole-mount zebrafish embryos and larvae

• HCRTM RNA Flow Cytometry

HCRTM RNA Flow Cytometry enables analog RNA relative quantitation for high-throughput expression profiling of mammalian cells and bacteria without the need to engineer reporter lines (Choi et al., 2018).

• HCRTM Northern Blots

HCRTM Northern Blots enable simultaneous quantification of RNA target size and abundance with automatic background suppression throughout the protocol (Schwarzkopf & Pierce, 2016).

• HCRTM Amplifiers

HCRTM Amplifiers enable multiplex, quantitative, 1-step, isothermal, enzyme-free signal amplification in diverse technological settings (Dirks & Pierce, 2004).

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