

HCRTM RNA-FISH (v3.0) protocol for mammalian cells on a chambered slide

This protocol has not been validated for all mammalian cell types and should only be used as a template.

Technical Support

support@molecularinstruments.com

Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

www.molecularinstruments.com/safety-v3

Patents

www.molecularinstruments.com/patents

Ordering for Multiplex Experiment

Order one HCRTM RNA-FISH (v3.0) kit per target RNA

Example 2-Plex Experiment

- HCRTM RNA-FISH (v3.0) kit for target mRNA1
 - HCRTM Probe (v3.0): target mRNA1 for use with amplifier B1
 - HCRTM Amplifier (v3.0): B1-647
 - o HCR™ RNA-FISH Buffers (v3.0): HCR™ Probe Hybridization Buffer (v3.0), HCR™ Probe Wash Buffer (v3.0), HCR™ Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) (for use with all kits)
- HCRTM RNA-FISH (v3.0) kit for target mRNA2
 - HCRTM Probe (v3.0): target mRNA2 for use with amplifier B2
 - HCRTM Amplifier (v3.0): B2-488

Storage conditions

- Store HCRTM Probes (v3.0), HCRTM Amplifiers (v3.0), HCRTM Probe Hybridization Buffer (v3.0), and HCRTM Probe Wash Buffer (v3.0) at -20 °C.
- Store HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) at 4 °C.
- On the bench top, keep stock solutions on ice.
- Make sure all solutions are well mixed before use.

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Preparation of fixed mammalian cells on a chambered slide

1. Coat bottom of each chamber by applying 300 μ L of 0.01% poly-D-lysine prepared in cell culture grade H_2O .

NOTE: A volume of 300 μ L is sufficient per chamber on an 8-chamber slide.

- 2. Incubate for at least 30 min at room temperature.
- 3. Aspirate the coating solution and wash each chamber twice with molecular biology grade H₂O.
- 4. Plate desired number of cells in each chamber.
- 5. Grow cells to desired confluency for 24–48 h.
- 6. Aspirate growth media and wash each chamber with 300 μ L of DPBS.

 NOTE: avoid using calcium chloride and magnesium chloride in DPBS as this leads to increased autofluorescence.
- 7. Add 300 μ L of 4% formaldehyde to each chamber. CAUTION: use formaldehyde with extreme care as it is a hazardous material.
- 8. Incubate for 10 min at room temperature.
- 9. Aspirate fixative and wash each chamber $2 \times 300 \mu L$ of DPBS.
- 10. Aspirate DPBS and add 300 μ L of ice-cold 70% ethanol.
- 11. Permeabilize cells overnight at -20 °C.
- 12. Cells can be stored at -20 °C or 4 °C until use.

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Multiplexed HCRTM RNA-FISH (v3.0) protocol

Detection stage

- 1. Aspirate EtOH and wash samples $2 \times 300 \mu L$ of $2 \times SSC$.
- 2. Pre-hybridize samples in 300 μ L of HCRTM Probe Hybridization Buffer (v3.0) for 30 min at 37 °C. CAUTION: *HCR*TM *Probe Hybridization Buffer (v3.0) contains formamide, a hazardous material.*
- 3. Prepare probe solution by adding 1.2 pmol of each HCRTM Probe (v3.0) (e.g. 1.2 μ L of 1 μ M stock) to 300 μ L of HCRTM Probe Hybridization Buffer (v3.0) at 37 °C.

NOTE: For single-molecule RNA imaging, use higher probe concentration (e.g., 16 nM) to increase probe hybridization yield. If desired, this approach can also be used to increase signal for subcellular quantitative RNA imaging.

- 4. Remove the pre-hybridization solution and add the probe solution.
- 5. Incubate samples overnight (>12 h) at 37 °C.
- 6. Remove excess probes by washing 4×5 min with 300 μ L of HCRTM Probe Wash Buffer (v3.0) at 37 °C.

CAUTION: HCR^{TM} Probe Wash Buffer (v3.0) contains formamide, a hazardous material. Note: HCR^{TM} Probe Wash Buffer (v3.0) should be pre-heated to 37 °C before use.

7. Wash samples 2×5 min with $5 \times$ SSCT at room temperature.

Amplification stage

- 1. Pre-amplify samples in 300 μ L of HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) for 30 min at room temperature.
- Separately prepare 18 pmol of hairpin h1 and 18 pmol of hairpin h2 by snap cooling 6 μL of 3 μM stock (heat at 95 °C for 90 seconds and cool to room temperature in a dark drawer for 30 min).

NOTE: Hairpins h1 and h2 are provided in hairpin storage buffer ready for snap cooling. h1 and h2 should be snap cooled in separate tubes.

- 3. Prepare hairpin solution by adding snap-cooled h1 hairpins and snap-cooled h2 hairpins to 300 μ L of HCRTM Amplifier Buffer (v3.0) at room temperature.
- 4. Remove the pre-amplification solution and add the hairpin solution.
- Incubate samples overnight (>12 h) in the dark at room temperature.
 NOTE: For single-molecule detection, a 45 min amplification time was used to ensure single-molecule dots are diffraction-limited.
- 6. Remove excess hairpins by washing 5×5 min with 300 μ L of $5 \times$ SSCT at room temperature.
- 7. Aspirate $5 \times SSCT$ and add $\approx 100 \mu L$ of antifade mounting reagent.
- 8. Samples can be stored at 4 °C protected from light prior to imaging.

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Buffer recipes

4% formaldehyde in PBS

4% formaldehyde

 $1 \times PBS$

5× **SSCT**

 $\overline{5 \times \text{ sodium}}$ chloride sodium citrate (SSC)

0.1% Tween 20

For 10 mL of solution

2.5 mL of 16% formaldehyde

 $1 \text{ mL of } 10 \times PBS$

Fill up to 10 mL with molecular biology grade H₂O

For 40 mL of solution

 $10 \text{ mL of } 20 \times \text{SSC}$

 $400 \mu L$ of 10% Tween 20

Fill up to 40 mL with ultrapure H₂O

NOTE: avoid using calcium chloride and magnesium chloride in PBS as this leads to increased autofluorescence in the samples.

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HCRTM Technology Citation Notes

For citation, please select from the list below as appropriate for your application:

• 10-Plex HCRTM Spectral Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF enables quantitative high-resolution imaging of 10 RNA and/or protein targets with 1-step HCRTM signal amplification for all targets simultaneously. The method is suitable even for whole-mounts and delicate samples as it requires no repeated staining, imaging, registration, or stripping (Schulte et al., 2024).

• HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF

HCRTM RNA-FISH/IF enables a unified approach to multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) and protein immunofluorescence (IF), with quantitative 1-step enzyme-free signal amplification performed for all RNA and protein targets simultaneously (Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

• HCRTM IF

HCR™ IF enables multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution protein immunofluorescence (IF) in highly autofluorescent samples (e.g., FFPE brain tissue sections) (Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

• HCRTM RNA-FISH

- Third-generation HCR™ RNA-FISH (v3.0) enables multiplex, quantitative, high-resolution RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) with automatic background suppression throughout the protocol for dramatically enhanced performance (signal-to-background, subcellular quantitative RNA imaging precision, single-molecule quantitative RNA imaging fidelity) and ease-of-use (no probe set optimization for new targets and organisms) (Choi et al., 2018).
- Second-generation HCRTM RNA-FISH (v2.0) using DNA HCRTM Probes and DNA HCRTM Amplifiers: 10× increase in signal, 10× reduction in cost, dramatic increase in reagent durability (Choi et al., 2014).
- First-generation HCR[™] RNA-FISH (v1.0) using RNA HCR[™] Probes and RNA HCR[™] Amplifiers: multiplex mRNA imaging in whole-mount vertebrate embryos with simultaneous signal amplification for up to 5 target mRNAs (Choi et al., 2010).

Subcellular Quantitative RNA and Protein Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables analog relative quantitation of RNA and/or protein targets with sub-cellular resolution in the anatomical context of thick autofluorescent samples (e.g., whole-mount vertebrate embryos) (Trivedi et al., 2018, Choi et al., 2018, Schwarzkopf et al., 2021).

Single-Molecule Quantitative RNA Imaging

HCRTM RNA-FISH enables digital RNA absolute quantitation with single-molecule resolution in the anatomical context of thick autofluorescent samples (e.g., 0.5 mm adult mouse brain sections) (Shah et al., 2016, Choi et al., 2018).

• Read-Out/Read-In Analysis Framework

The read-out/read-in analysis framework enables bidirectional quantitative discovery in an anatomical context (Trivedi et al., 2018).

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• Protocols in Diverse Sample Types

Protocols for HCRTM RNA-FISH and/or IF in diverse sample types are adapted from the zoo paper (Choi et al., 2016):

- o bacteria in suspension
- o FFPE human tissue sections
- o generic sample in solution
- o generic sample on a slide
- o mammalian cells on a slide
- o mammalian cells in suspension
- whole-mount chicken embryos
- o whole-mount fruit fly embryos
- whole-mount mouse embryos
- whole-mount nematode larvae
- whole-mount sea urchin embryos
- whole-mount zebrafish embryos and larvae

• HCRTM RNA Flow Cytometry

HCRTM RNA Flow Cytometry enables analog RNA relative quantitation for high-throughput expression profiling of mammalian cells and bacteria without the need to engineer reporter lines (Choi et al., 2018).

HCRTM Northern Blots

HCRTM Northern Blots enable simultaneous quantification of RNA target size and abundance with automatic background suppression throughout the protocol (Schwarzkopf & Pierce, 2016).

• HCRTM Amplifiers

HCRTM Amplifiers enable multiplex, quantitative, 1-step, isothermal, enzyme-free signal amplification in diverse technological settings (Dirks & Pierce, 2004).

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